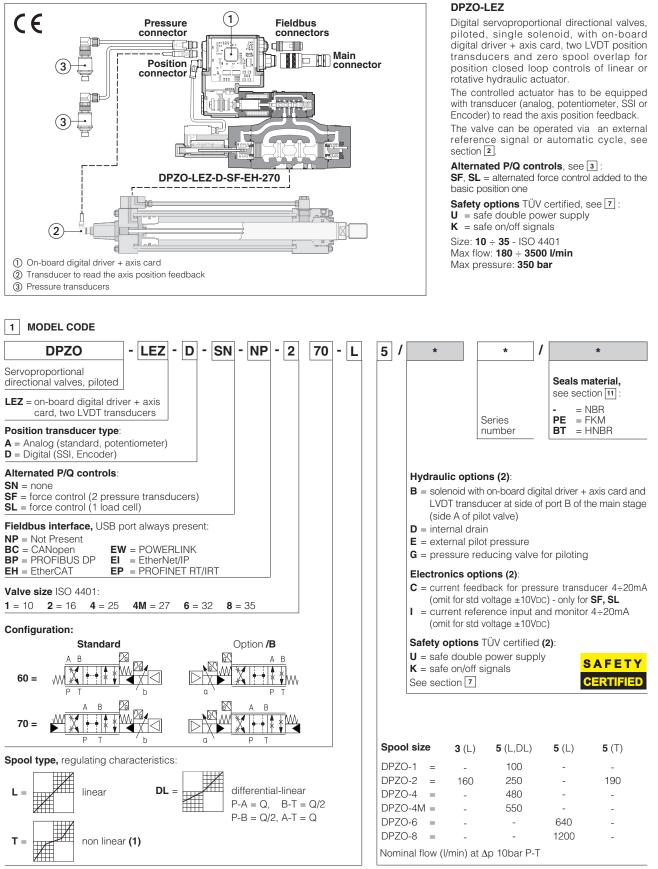
# atos

## Digital servoproportionals with on-board axis card

piloted, single solenoid, with two LVDT transducers and zero spool overlap



(1) Not available for configuration 60

(2) For possible combined options consult Atos technical office

#### 2 POSITION CONTROL

#### 2.1 External reference signal

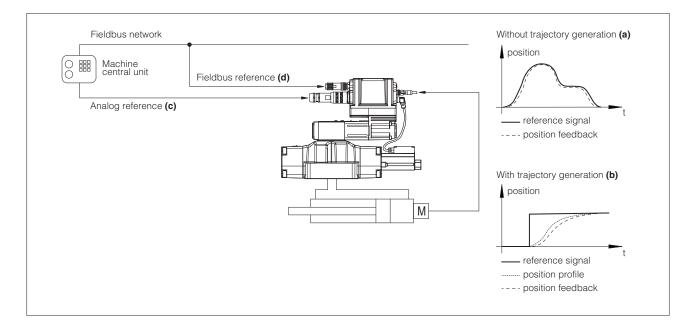
Axis card controls in closed loop the actuator position according to a reference signal from the machine central unit.

Position profile can be managed in two ways (software selectable):

- Without trajectory generation (a): the axis card receives from the machine central unit the reference signal and follows it at any given instant - With trajectory generation (b): the axis card receives from the machine central unit just the final target position and internally generates a
- position profile limiting acceleration, velocity and deceleration

The reference signal can be software selected between Analog reference (c) and Fieldbus reference (d).

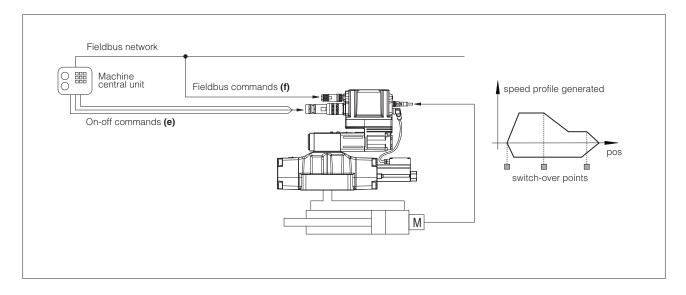
Refer to the axis card user manual for further details on position control features.



#### 2.2 Automatic cycle

Axis card controls in closed loop the actuator position according to an internally generated automatic cycle: only start, stop and switch-over commands are required from the machine electronic central unit by means On-off commands (e) or Fieldbus commands (f).

Atos PC software allows to realize an automatic cycle according to the application requirements. Refer to the axis card user manual for further details on automatic cycle features.



#### **3** ALTERNATED POSITION / FORCE CONTROL

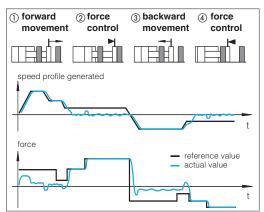
SF and SL controls add the alternated force closed loop control to the actuator standard position control. Pressure or force remote transducers have to be installed on the actuator and interfaced to the valve, see below functional schemes.

The position/force controls are operated according to two separate reference signals and a dedicated algorithm automatically selects which control is active time by time.

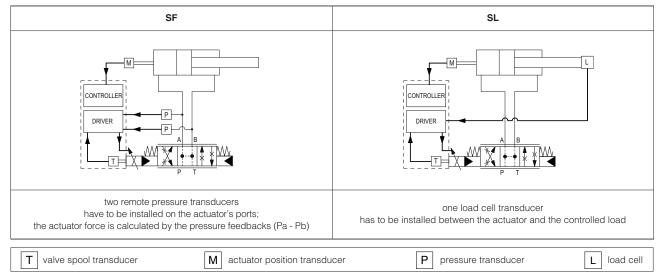
The dynamics of the switching between the two controls can be regulated thanks to specific software setting, in order to avoid instability and vibrations.

Position control is active (see phase ① and ③ at side) when the actuator force is lower than the relevant reference signal - the valve controls the actuator position by closed-loop regulation.

Force control is active (see phase 2) and 4) at side) when the actuator actual force, measured by remote transducers, grows up to the relevant reference signal - the axis card reduces the valve's regulation in order to limit the actuator force; if the force tends to decrease under its reference signal, the position control returns active.



#### Alternated control configurations



#### SF - position/force control

Adds force control to standard position control and permits to limit the max force in two directions controlling in closed loop the delta pressure acting on both sides of the hydraulic actuator. Two pressure transducers have to be installed on A and B hydraulic lines.

#### SL – position/force control

Adds force control to standard position control and permits to limit the max force in one or two directions controlling in closed loop the force performed by the hydraulic actuator. A load cell has to be installed on the hydraulic actuator.

#### **General Notes:**

- auxiliary check valves are recommended in case of specific hydraulic configuration requirements in absence of power supply or fault
- Atos technical office is available for additional evaluations related to specific applications

#### 4 GENERAL NOTES

Atos digital proportionals valves are CE marked according to the applicable directives (e.g. Immunity and Emission EMC Directive). Installation, wirings and start-up procedures must be performed according to the general prescriptions shown in tech table **FS900** and in the user manuals included in the Z-SW-\* programming software.

#### 5 VALVE SETTINGS AND PROGRAMMING TOOLS

Valve's functional parameters and configurations, can be easily set and optimized using Atos Z-SW programming software connected via USB port to the digital axis card (see table FS900). For fieldbus versions, the software permits valve's parameterization through USB port also if the axis card is connected to the central machine unit via fieldbus.

Z-SW-FULL	support:	NP (USB)	PS (Serial)	
		BC (CANopen)	BP (PROFIBUS DP)	EH (EtherCAT)
		EW (POWERLINK)	EI (EtherNet/IP)	EP (PROFINET)

Note: Z-SW programming software supports valves with option SF, SL for alternated control

WARNING: axis card USB port is not isolated! For E-C-SB-USB/M12 cable, the use of isolator adapter is highly recommended for PC protection (see tech table GS500)

WARNING: see tech table GS500 for the list of countries where the Bluetooth adapter has been approved

#### 6 FIELDBUS - see tech. table GS510

Fieldbus allows valve direct communication with machine control unit for digital reference, valve diagnostics and settings. These execution allow to operate the valves through fieldbus or analog signals available on the main connector.

#### 7 SAFETY OPTIONS

Atos range of proportional directional valves, provides functional safety options /U and /K , designed to accomplish a safety function, intended to reduce the risk in process control systems.

They are TÜV certified in compliance to IEC 61508 up to SIL 3 and ISO 13849 up to category 4, PL e

Safe double power supply, option /U: the axis card has separate power supplies for logic and solenoids. The safe condition is reached by cutting the electrical supply to solenoids, while electronics remains active for monitoring functions and fieldbus communication, see tech table FY100 Safety function via on/off signals, option /K: upon a disable command, the axis card checks the spool position and it provides an on/off acknowledgement signal only when the valve is in safe condition, see tech table FY200

#### 8 GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Assembly position Any position						
Subplate surface finishing to ISO 4401	Acceptable roughness index: Ra ≤0,8, recommended Ra 0,4 – Flatness ratio 0,01/100					
MTTFd valves according to EN ISO 13849	75 years, see technical table P007					
Ambient temperature range	<b>Standard</b> = $-20^{\circ}C \div +60^{\circ}C$ <b>/PE</b> option = $-20^{\circ}C \div +60^{\circ}C$ <b>/BT</b> option = $-40^{\circ}C \div +60^{\circ}C$					
Storage temperature range	<b>Standard</b> = $-20^{\circ}C \div +70^{\circ}C$ <b>/PE</b> option = $-20^{\circ}C \div +70^{\circ}C$ <b>/BT</b> option = $-40^{\circ}C \div +70^{\circ}C$					
Surface protection	Zinc coating with black passivation, galvanic treatment (axis card housing)					
Corrosion resistance	Salt spray test (EN ISO 9227) > 200 h					
Compliance	CE according to EMC directive 2014/30/EU (Immunity: EN 61000-6-2; Emission: EN 61000-6-3) RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU as last update by 2015/65/EU REACH Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006					

#### 9 HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS - based on mineral oil ISO VG 46 at 50 °C

Valve model	DPZO-*-1		DPZO-*-2	2	DPZO-*-4	DPZO-*-4M	DPZO-*-6	DPZO-*-8
Pressure limits [bar]			ports I	P, A,	<b>B</b> , <b>X</b> = 350; <b>T</b> = 2	250 (10 for option /[	D); <b>Y</b> = 10;	
Spool type	L5, DL5	L3	L5, DL5	T5	L5,	DL5	L5	
Nominal flow ∆p P-T [l/min]								
(1) ∆p= 10 bar	100	160	250	190	480	550	640	1200
Δp= 30 bar	160	270	430	330	830	950	1100	2000
Max permissible flow [I/min]	180	400	550	550	1000	1100	1600	3500
Piloting pressure [bar]	r	min. = 25; max = 350 (option /G advisable for pilot pressure > 200 bar)						
Piloting volume [cm <sup>3</sup> /min]	1,4		3,7		9	11,3	21,6	39,8
Piloting flow (2) [l/min]	3,5		9		18	20	19	24
Leakage (3) Pilot [cm <sup>3</sup> /min]	100 / 300		150 / 450	)	200 / 600	200 / 600	900 / 2800	900 / 2800
Main stage [l/min]	0,4 / 1,2		0,6/2,5		1,0 / 4,0	1,0 / 4,0	3,0 / 9,0	6,0 / 20
Response time (4) [ms]	≤ 25		≤ 25		≤ 30	≤ 35	≤ 80	≤ 100
Hysteresis					≤ 0,1 [%of m	ax regulation]	<u>.</u>	
Repeatability					± 0,1 [%of max regulation]			
Thermal drift				ze	ro point displaceme	ent < 1% at $\Delta T = 40$	D°C	

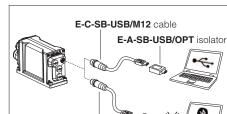
(1) For different  $\Delta p$ , the max flow is in accordance to the diagrams in section 12.2 (2) With step reference input signal 0 ÷ 100 %

(3) At p = 100/350 bar





E-A-SB-USB/BTH adapter



USB or Bluetooth connection

E-C-SB-M12/BTH cable

<sup>(4) 0-100%</sup> step signal, see detailed diagrams in section 12.3

### 10 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

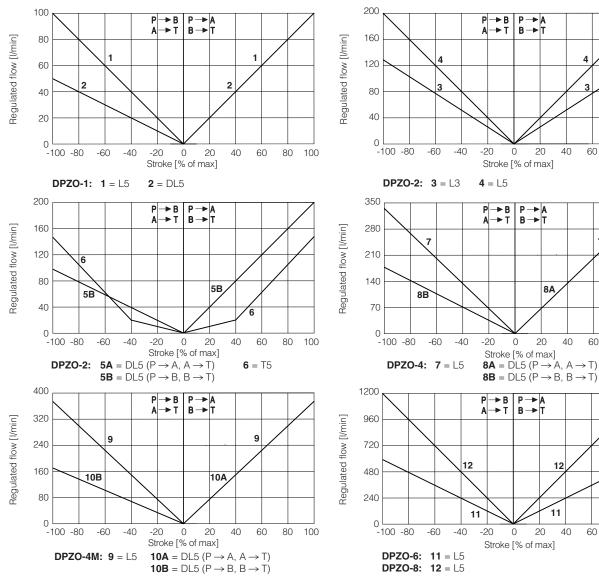
Power supplies	Nominal : +24 VDC Rectified and filtered : VRMS = 20 ÷ 32 VMAX (ripple max 10 % VPP)							
Max power consumption	50 W							
Max. solenoid current	2,6 A							
Coil resistance R at 20°C	3 ÷ 3,3 Ω	$3 \div 3,3 \Omega$						
Analog input signals		Voltage: range $\pm 10$ VDc (24 VMAX tollerant)Input impedance: Ri > 50 k $\Omega$ Current: range $\pm 20$ mAInput impedance: Ri = 500 $\Omega$						
Monitor outputs	1 0	oltage ±10 VDC @ ma urrent ±20 mA @ ma	x 5 mA x 500 $\Omega$ load resistance					
Enable input	Range: 0 ÷ 5 VDC (OFF	state), 9 ÷ 24 VDC (ON s	state), 5 ÷ 9 VDC (not acc	epted); Input impedance: $Ri > 10 k\Omega$				
Fault output		Output range: 0 ÷ 24 VDC (ON state > [power supply - 2 V]; OFF state < 1 V) @ max 50 mA; external negative voltage not allowed (e.g. due to inductive loads)						
Position transducers power supply	+24 VDc @ max 100 mA and +5 VDc @ max 100 mA are software selectable; $\pm 10$ VDc @ max 14 mA minimum load resistance 700 $\Omega$							
Pressure/Force transducer power supply (only for SF, SL)	+24VDC @ max 100 mA (E-ATR-8 see tech table <b>GS465</b> )							
Alarms		ed/short circuit, cable b r malfunctions, alarms h		nce signal, over/under temperature,				
Insulation class		0	tures of the solenoid coi 982 must be taken into a	,				
Protection degree to DIN EN60529	IP66 / IP67 with mating	g connectors						
Duty factor	Continuous rating (ED=	=100%)						
Tropicalization	Tropical coating on ele							
Additional characteristics				c; spool position control, force control verse polarity of power supply				
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	According to Directive	2014/30/UE (Immunity:	EN 61000-6-2; Emission	n: EN 61000-6-3)				
Communication interface	USB Atos ASCII coding	EtherNet/IP, PROFINET IO RT / IRT						
Communication physical layer	not insulated USB 2.0 + USB OTG							
Recommended wiring cable	LiYCY shielded cables	s, see section 19						

Note: a maximum time of 800 ms (depending on communication type) have be considered between the axis card energizing with the 24 VDC power supply and when the valve is ready to operate. During this time the current to the valve coils is switched to zero.

#### 11 SEALS AND HYDRAULIC FLUIDS - for other fluids not included in below table, consult our technical office

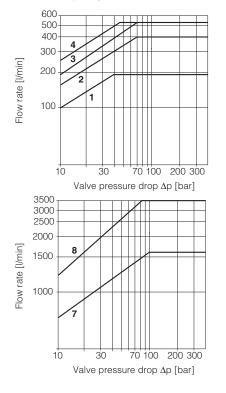
		NBR seals (standard) = $-20^{\circ}C \div +60^{\circ}C$ , with HFC hydraulic fluids = $-20^{\circ}C \div +50^{\circ}C$				
Seals, recommended fluid temperature		FKM seals (/PE option) = $-20^{\circ}C \div +80^{\circ}C$				
		HNBR seals (/BT option) = $-40^{\circ}$ C ÷ $+60^{\circ}$ C, with HFC hydraulic fluids = $-40^{\circ}$ C ÷ $+50^{\circ}$ C				
Recommended viscosity		20÷100 mm²/s - max allowed range 15 ÷ 380 mm²/s				
Max fluid	normal operation			see also filter section at www.atos.com or KTF catalog		
contamination level	longer life					
Hydraulic fluid		Suitable seals type	Classification	Ref. Standard		
Mineral oils		NBR, FKM, HNBR	HL, HLP, HLPD, HVLP, HVLPD	DIN 51524		
Flame resistant without water		FKM HFDU, HFDR		- ISO 12922		
Flame resistant with water		NBR. HNBR	HFC	130 12922		

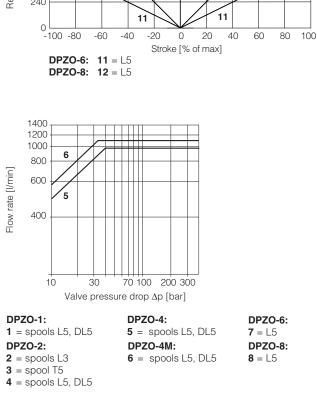




#### 12.1 Regulation diagrams (values measure at $\Delta p$ 10 bar P-T)

12.2 Flow /Ap diagram - stated at 100% of spool stroke





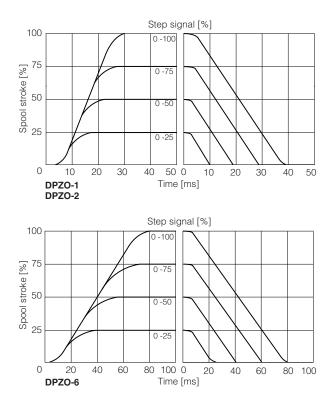
8A

 Note: Hydraulic configuration vs. reference signal for configurations 60 and 70 (standard and option /B)

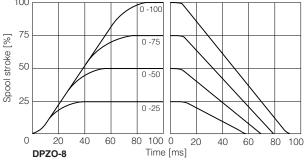
Reference signal  $\begin{array}{c} 0 \div + 10 \text{ V} \\ 12 \div 20 \text{ mA} \end{array}$  P  $\rightarrow$  A / B  $\rightarrow$  T Reference signal  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \div -10 \ V \\ 4 \div 12 \ mA \end{pmatrix}$  P  $\rightarrow$  B / A  $\rightarrow$  T

#### 12.3 Response time

The response times in below diagrams are measured at different steps of the reference input signal. They have to be considered as average values. For valves with on-board digital driver + axis card the dynamics performances can be optimized by setting the internal software parameters.

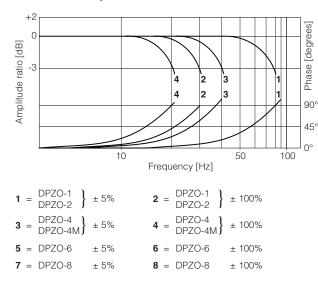


Step signal [%] 100 0 -100 75 Spool stroke [%] 0 -75 50 0 -50 25 0 -25 0 10 20 30 40 50 0 10 20 30 40 50 Time [ms] DPZO-4 DPZO-4M Step signal [%] 100 0 -100

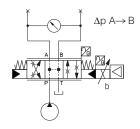


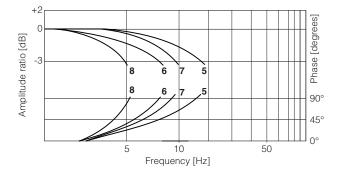
#### 12.4 Bode diagrams

Stated at nominal hydraulic conditions.

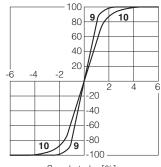


#### 12.5 Pressure gain









#### 13 HYDRAULIC OPTIONS

- **B** = Solenoid, on-board digital driver + axis card and LVDT position transducer at side of port B of the main stage (side A of pilot valve). For hydraulic configuration vs reference signal, see 12.1
- D = Internal drain (through port T).
  Pilot and drain configuration can be modified as shown in the functional scheme here aside. For detailed view of plugs position, see section [22]
  The valve's standard configuration provides internal pilot and external drain.
- E = External pilot (through port X).
  Pilot and drain configuration can be modified as shown in the functional scheme here aside. For detailed view of plugs position, see section <sup>[22]</sup>
  The valve's standard configuration provides internal pilot and external drain.
- **G** = Pressure reducing valve ③ with fixed setting, installed between pilot valve and main body. Reduced pressure setting:

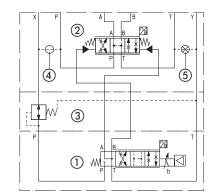
#### DPZO-2 = 28 bar

DPZO-1, DPZO-2, DPZO-4(M), DPZO-6 and DPZO-8 = 40 bar

It is advisable for valves with internal pilot in case of system pressure higher than 200 bar.

Pressure reducing valve ③ is standard for DPZO-1, for other sizes add /G option.

Functional Scheme - example of configuration 70



Pilot valve

Main stage

③ Pressure reducing valve

④ Plug to be added for external pilot trough port X

(5) Plug to be removed for internal drain through port T

#### 14 ELECTRONICS OPTIONS

This option provides 4 ÷ 20 mA current reference and monitor signals, instead of the standard ±10 VDC.
 Input signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of ±10 VDC or ±20 mA.
 It is normally used in case of long distance between the machine control unit and the valve or where the reference signal can be affected by electrical noise; the valve functioning is disabled in case of reference signal cable breakage.

**C** = This option is available to connect pressure/force transducers with 4 ÷ 20 mA current output signal, instead of the standard ±10 VDC. Input signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of ±10 VDC or ±20 mA.

#### 15 POWER SUPPLY AND SIGNALS SPECIFICATIONS

Generic electrical output signals of the valve (e.g. fault or monitor signals) must not be directly used to activate safety functions, like to switch-ON/OFF the machine's safety components, as prescribed by the European standards (Safety requirements of fluid technology systems and components-hydraulics, ISO 4413).

For certified safety options: /U see tech. table FY100 and /K see tech. table FY200

#### 15.1 Power supply (V+ and V0)

The power supply must be appropriately stabilized or rectified and filtered: apply at least a 10000  $\mu$ F/40 V capacitance to single phase rectifiers or a 4700  $\mu$ F/40 V capacitance to three phase rectifiers. In case of separate power supply see 15.2.

 $\Lambda$  A safety fuse is required in series to each power supply: 2,5 A time lag fuse.

#### 15.2 Power supply for axis card logic and communication (VL+ and VL0)

The power supply for axis card logic and communication must be appropriately stabilized or rectified and filtered: apply at least a 10000  $\mu$ F/40 V capacitance to single phase rectifiers or a 4700  $\mu$ F/40 V capacitance to three phase rectifiers.

The separate power supply for axis card logic on pin 9 and 10, allow to remove solenoid power supply from pin 1 and 2 maintaining active the diagnostics, USB and fieldbus communications.

A safety fuse is required in series to each axis card logic and communication power supply: 500 mA fast fuse.

#### 15.3 Position reference input signal (P\_INPUT+)

Functionality of P\_INPUT+ signal (pin 4), depends on axis card reference mode, see section 2:

external analog reference (see 2.1): input is used as reference for control in closed loop the actuator position.

Reference input signal is factory preset according to selected valve code, defaults are ±10 Vpc for standard and 4 ÷ 20 mA for /I option.

Input signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of ±10 VDC or ± 20 mA.

external fieldbus reference (see 2.1) or automatic cycle (see 2.2): analog reference input signal can be used as on-off commands with input range  $0 \div 24$  VDC.

#### 15.4 Force reference input signal (F\_INPUT+) - only for SF, SL

Functionality of F\_INPUT+ signal (pin 7), depends on selected axis card reference mode and alternated control options, see section 3:

*SL, SF controls and external analog reference selected* : input is used as reference for the axis card force closed loop. Reference input signal is factory preset according to selected valve code, defaults are ±10 VDC for standard and 4 ÷ 20 mA for /l option. Input signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of ±10 VDC or ± 20 mA. *SN control or fieldbus reference selected*: analog reference input signal can be used as on-off commands with input range 0 ÷ 24VDC.

#### 15.5 Position monitor output signal (P\_MONITOR)

The axis card generates an analog output signal proportional to the actual axis position; the monitor output signal can be software set to show other signals available in the axis card (e.g. analog reference, fieldbus reference, position error, valve spool position). Monitor output signal is factory preset according to selected valve code, defaults are ±10 Vpc for standard and 4 ÷ 20 mA for /I option. Output signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of ±10 Vpc or ± 20 mA.

#### 15.6 Force monitor output signal (F\_MONITOR) - only for SF, SL

The axis card generates an analog output signal according to alternated force control option:

SN control: output signal is proportional to the actual valve spool position

SL, SF controls: output signal is proportional to the actual forcel applied to the cylinder's rod end

Monitor output signals can be software set to show other signals available in the axis card (e.g. analog reference, force reference).

The output range and polarity are software selectable within the maximum range  $\pm 10$  VDC or  $\pm 20$  mA.

Monitor output signal is factory preset according to selected valve code, defaults are  $\pm 10$  Vpc for standard and  $4 \div 20$  mA for /I option. Output signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of  $\pm 10$  Vpc or  $\pm 20$  mA.

#### 15.7 Enable input signal (ENABLE)

To enable the axis card, a 24VDC voltage has to be applied on pin 3.

When the Enable signal is set to zero the axis card can be software set to perform one of the following actions:

- maintain the actuator actual position in close loop control
- move towards a predefined position in closed loop control and maintains the reached position (hold position)
- move forward or backward in open loop (only the valve's closed loop remain active)

#### 15.8 Fault output signal (FAULT)

Fault output signal indicates fault conditions of the axis card (solenoid short circuits/not connected, reference or transducer signal cable broken, maximum error exceeded, etc.). Fault presence corresponds to 0 VDC, normal working corresponds to 24 VDC. Fault status is not affected by the Enable input signal.

Fault output signal can be used as digital output by software selection.

#### 15.9 Position transducer input signal

A position transducer must be always directly connected to the axis card. Select the correct axis card execution depending on the desired transducer interface: digital SSI or Encoder (D execution), potentiometer or a generic transducer with analog interface (A execution). Position digital input signal is factory preset to binary SSI, it can be reconfigured via software selecting between binary/gray SSI and Encoder. Position analog input signal is factory preset according to selected valve code, defaults are  $\pm 10$  VDc for standard and  $4 \div 20$  mA for /C option. Input signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of  $\pm 10$  VDc or  $\pm 20$  mA. Refer to position transducer characteristics to select the transducer type according to specific application requirements (see 16.1).

#### 15.10 Remote pressure/force transducer input signals - only for SF, SL

Analog remote pressure transducers or load cell can be directly connected to the axis card. Analog input signal is factory preset according to selected valve code, defaults are  $\pm 10$  Vbc for standard and  $4 \div 20$  mA for /C option. Input signal can be reconfigured via software selecting between voltage and current, within a maximum range of  $\pm 10$  Vbc or  $\pm 20$  mA. Refer to pressure/force transducer characteristics to select the transducer type according to specific application requirements (see 16.2).

#### 16 ACTUATOR'S TRANSDUCER CHARACTERISTICS

#### 16.1 Position transducers

The accuracy of the position control is strongly dependent to the selected position transducer. Four different transducer interfaces are available on the axis cards, depending to the system requirements: potentiometer or analog signal (A execution), SSI or Encoder (D execution). Transducers with digital interface allow high resolution and accurate measures, that combined with fieldbus communication grants highest performances.

Transducers with analog interface grant simple and cost effective solutions.

#### 16.2 Pressure/force transducers

The accuracy of the pressure/force control is strongly dependent to the selected pressure/force transducer, see section 3. Alternated pressure/force controls require to install pressure transducers or load cell to measure the actual pressure/force values. Pressure transducers allow easy system integration and cost effective solution for alternated position/force controls (see tech table **GS465** for pressure transducers details). Load cell transducers allow the user to get high accuracy and precise regulations for alternated position/force control.

The characteristics of the remote pressure/force transducers must be always selected to match the application requirements and to obtain the best performances: transducer nominal range should be at least 115%÷120% of the maximum regulated pressure/force.

16.3 Transducers characteristics & interfaces - following values are just for reference, for details please consult the transducer's datasheet

		Pressure/Force			
Execution	Α			SF, SL	
Input type	Potentiometer	Analog	SSI (3)	Incremental Encoder	Analog
Power supply (1)	±10 VDC	+24 VDC	+5 VDC / +24 VDC	+5 VDC / +24 VDC	+24 VDC
Axis card interface	±10V	0 ÷ 10V 4 ÷ 20 mA	Serial SSI binary/gray	TTL 5Vpp - 150 KHz	±10 Vpc 4 ÷ 20 mA
Max speed	0,5 m/s	1 m/s	2 m/s	2 m/s	-
Max resolution	< 0.4 % FS	< 0.2 % FS	1 µm	1 μm (@ 0.15 m/s)	< 0.4 % FS
Linearity error (2)	± 0.1% FS	< ±0.03% FS	< ± 0.01 % FS	< ± 0.001 % FS	< ±0.25% FS
Repeatability (2)	± 0.05% FS	< ± 0.005% FS	< ± 0.001 % FS	< ± 0.001 % FS	< ±0.1% FS

(1) Power supply provided by Atos axis card (2) Percentage of total stroke (3) For Balluff BTL7 with SSI interface only special code SA433 is supported

#### 17 ELECTRONIC CONNECTIONS

#### 17.1 Main connector - 12 pin (A)

PIN	SIGNAL	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	NOTES
1	V+	Power supply 24 Vbc	Input - power supply
2	V0	0 Power supply 0 Vpc	
3	ENABLE	Enable (24 Vbc) or disable (0 Vbc) the axis card, referred to VL0	Input - on/off signal
4			Input - analog signal <b>Software selectable</b>
5	INPUT-	Negative reference input signal for P_INPUT+ and F_INPUT+	Gnd - analog signal
6	P_MONITOR	Position monitor output signal: $\pm 10 \text{ Vpc}$ / $\pm 20 \text{ mA}$ maximum range, referred to VL0	Output - analog signal Software selectable
7	F_INPUT+	Force reference input signal (SF, SL controls): ±10 Vbc / ±20 mA maximum range	Input - analog signal <b>Software selectable</b>
8	F_MONITOR	Force (SF, SL controls) or valve spool position (SN control) monitor output signal: $\pm 10$ Vpc / $\pm 20$ mA maximum range, referred to VL0	Output - analog signal <b>Software selectable</b>
9	VL+	Power supply 24 Vpc for axis card logic and communication	Input - power supply
10	<b>VLO</b> (1)	Power supply 0 Vbc for axis card logic and communication	Gnd - power supply
11	FAULT	Fault (0 Vbc) or normal working (24 Vbc), referred to VL0	Output - on/off signal
PE	EARTH	Internally connected to axis card housing	

(1) Do not disconnect VL0 before VL+ when the axis card is connected to PC USB port

#### 17.2 Communication connectors (B) - (C)

В	USB connector - M12 - 5 pin always present				
PIN	SIGNAL	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION (1)			
1	+5V_USB	Power supply			
2	ID	Identification			
3	GND_USB	Signal zero data line			
4	D-	Data line -			
5	D+	Data line +			

C1	$\bigcirc$ BP fieldbus execution, connector - M12 - 5 pin				
PIN	PIN      SIGNAL      TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION (1)				
1	+5V	Termination supply signal			
2	LINE-A	Bus line (high)			
3	DGND	Data line and termination signal zero			
4	LINE-B	Bus line (low)			
5	SHIELD				

C1 (	C1 C2 BC fieldbus execution, connector - M12 - 5 pin					
PIN	PIN SIGNAL TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION (1)					
1	CAN_SHLD	Shield				
2	not used	©1 - ©2 pass-through connection (2)				
3	CAN_GND	Signal zero data line				
4	CAN_H	Bus line (high)				
5	5 CAN_L Bus line (low)					

C1 (	C1 C2 EH, EW, EI, EP fieldbus execution, connector - M12 - 4 pin					
PIN SIGNAL TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION (1)						
1	TX+	Transmitter				
2	RX+	Receiver				
3	тх-	Transmitter				
4	RX-	Receiver				
Housing	SHIELD					

(1) Shield connection on connector's housing is recommended

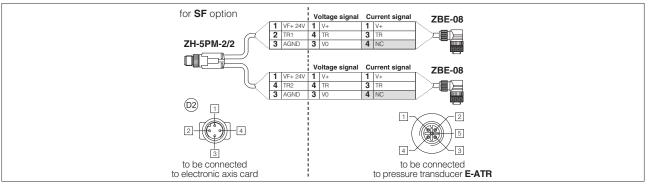
(2) Pin 2 can be fed with external +5V supply of CAN interface

#### 17.3 Remote pressure/force transducer connector - M12 - 5 pin - only for SF, SL

PIN	SIGNAL	AL TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	NOTES	D1 SL - Single t	ransducer (1)	D2 SF - Double transducers (1)		
	oranne			Voltage	Current	Voltage	Current	
1	VF +24V	Power supply +24Vbc	Output - power supply	Connect	Connect	Connect	Connect	
2	TR1	1st signal transducer: ±10 Vpc / ±20 mA maximum range	Input - analog signal Software selectable	Connect	Connect	Connect	Connect	
3	AGND	Common gnd for transducer power and signals	Common gnd	Connect	/	Connect	/	
4	TR2	2nd signal transducer: ±10 Vbc / ±20 mA maximum range	Input - analog signal Software selectable	/	/	Connect	Connect	
5	NC	Not connect		/	/	/	/	

(1) Single/double transducer configuration is software selectable

#### Remote pressure transducers connection - example



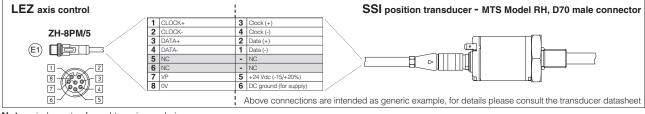
Note: pin layout always referred to axis card view

#### 17.4 D execution - Digital position transducers connector - M12 - 8 pin (E1)

	SSI - default transducer (1)				Encoder (1)		
PIN	SIGNAL	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	NOTES	SIGNAL	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	NOTES	
1	CLOCK+	Serial syncronous clock (+)		R	Input channel R		
2	CLOCK-	Serial syncronous clock (-)	Input - digital signal	/R	Input channel /R		
3	DATA+	Serial position data (+)	input - digital signal	Α	Input channel A	Input - digital signal	
4	DATA-	Serial position data (-)	1	/A	Input channel /A	input - digital signal	
5	NC	Not connect	Do not connect	В	Input channel B		
6	NC		Do not connect	/B	Input channel /B		
7	VP	Power supply: +24Vbc, +5Vbc or OFF (default OFF)	Output - power supply <b>Software selectable</b>	VP	Power supply: +24Vbc, +5Vbc or OFF (default OFF)	Output - power supply <b>Software selectable</b>	
8	0 V	Common gnd for transducer power and signals	Common gnd	0 V	Common gnd for transducer power and signals	Common gnd	

(1) Digital position transducer type is software selectable: Encoder or SSI, see 15.9

#### SSI connection - example



Note: pin layout referred to axis card view

#### Encoder connection - example

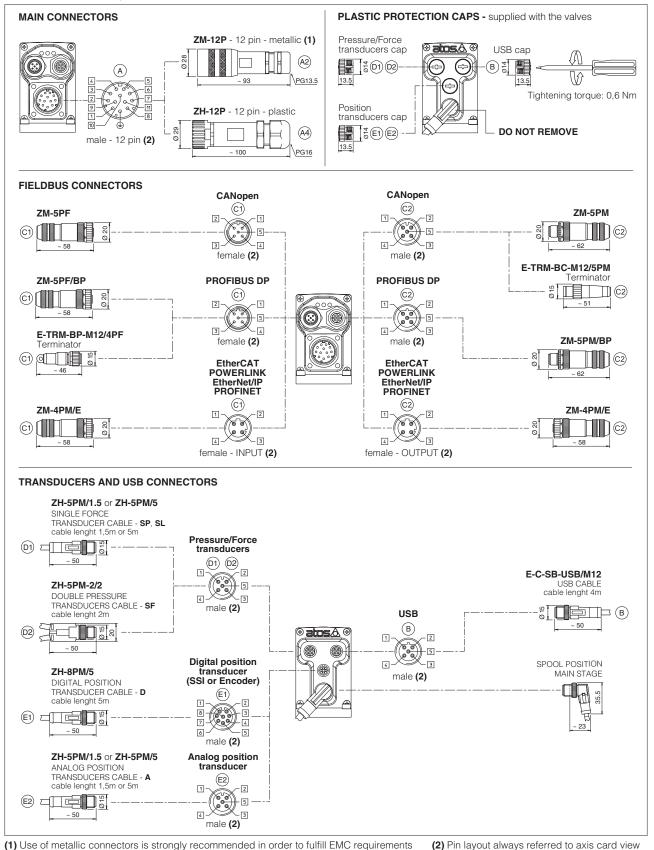
LEZ axis control		1		Encoder - HEIDENHAN Model LS 100, cable gland
	<b>1</b> R	Red	R+	
ZH-8PM/5	2 /R	Black	R-	
	3 A	Brown	A+	
	4 /A	Green	A-	
	5 B	Gray	B+	
1 2	6 /B	Pink	B-	
8-12-3	7 VP	Brown / Green	Up	
	8 OV	White / Green	0V	
6		Above conn	ections	are intended as generic example, for details please consult the transducer datasheet

Note: pin layout referred to axis card view

#### 17.5 A execution - Analog position transducers connector - M12 - 5 pin

PIN	SIGNAL	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	NOTES	Potentiometer	Analog
1	VP +24V	Power supply: +24Vbc or OFF (default OFF)	Output - power supply Software selectable	/	Connect
2	VP +10V	Power supply reference +10Vbc (always present)	Output - power supply	Connect	/
3	AGND	Common gnd for transducer power and signals	Common gnd	Connect	Connect
4	TR	Signal transducer	Input - analog signal	Connect	Connect
5	VP -10V	Power supply reference -10Vbc (always present)	Output - power supply	Connect	/

Note: analog input range is software selectable, see 15.9



17.7 Diagnostic LEDs (L)

Three leds show axis card operative conditions for immediate basic diagnostics. Please refer to the axis card user manual for detailed information.

FIELDBUS	NP Not Present	BC CANopen	BP PROFIBUS DP	EH EtherCAT	EW POWERLINK	El EtherNet/IP	EP PROFINET	L1 L2 L3
L1	Ň	VALVE STATUS	6		LIN	<th></th> <th></th>		
L2	NE	TWORK STAT	US		NETWOR	IK STATUS		
L3	SC	LENOID STAT	US		LIN	K/ACT		

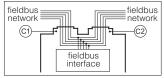
#### 18 IN / OUT FIELDBUS COMMUNICATION CONNECTORS

Two fieldbus communication connectors are always available for digital axis card executions BC, BP, EH, EW, EI, EP. This features allows considerable technical advantages in terms of installation simplicity, wirings reduction and also avoid the usage expensive T-connectors.

For BC and BP executions the fieldbus connectors have an internal pass-through connection and can be used like end point of the fieldbus network, using an external terminator (see tech table **GS500**).

For EH, EW, EI and EP execution the external terminators are not required: each connector is internally terminated.

#### BC and BP pass-through connection



#### 19 CONNECTORS CHARACTERISTICS - to be ordered separately

#### 19.1 Main connectors

CONNECTOR TYPE	POWER SUPPLY	POWER SUPPLY		
CODE	(A1) ZM-12P	(A2) <b>ZH-12P</b>		
Туре	12pin female straight circular	12pin female straight circular		
Standard	DIN 43651	DIN 43651		
Material	Metallic	Plastic reinforced with fiber glass		
Cable gland	PG13,5	PG16		
Recommended cable LiYCY 12 x 0,75 mm <sup>2</sup> max 20 m (logic and power supply)		LiYCY 10 x 0,14mm <sup>2</sup> max 40 m (logic) LiYY 3 x 1mm <sup>2</sup> max 40 m (power supply)		
Conductor size	0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> to 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> - available for 12 wires	0,14 mm <sup>2</sup> to 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> - available for 9 wires 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> to 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> - available for 3 wires		
Connection type to crimp		to crimp		
Protection (EN 60529)	IP 67	IP 67		

#### 19.2 Fieldbus communication connectors

CONNECTOR TYPE	BC CAN	BC CANopen (1)		<b>BUS DP</b> (1)	EH EtherCAT, EW POWERLINK, EI EtherNet/IP, EP PROFINET (2)	
CODE	C1 ZM-5PF	C2 ZM-5PM	C1 ZM-5PF/BP	C2 ZM-5PM/BP	C1 C2	ZM-4PM/E
Туре	5 pin female straight circular	5 pin male straight circular	5 pin female straight circular	5 pin male straight circular		4 pin male straight circular
Standard	Standard M12 coding A – IEC 61076-2-101		M12 coding B – IEC 61076-2-101		M12 co	ding D – IEC 61076-2-101
Material	Me	tallic	Metallic			Metallic
Cable gland	Pressure nut - cab	le diameter 6÷8 mm	Pressure nut - cable diameter 6÷8 mm		Pressure r	nut - cable diameter 4÷8 mm
Cable CANbus Standard (DF		lard (DR 303-1)	PROFIBUS DP Standard		Ethe	ernet standard CAT-5
Connection type	screw terminal		screw terminal			terminal block
Protection (EN 60529)	IF	67	IF	IP 67		IP 67

(1) E-TRM-\*\* terminators can be ordered separately, see tech table GS500

(2) Internally terminated

#### 19.3 Pressure/Force transducer connectors - only for SF, SL

CONNECTOR TYPE	SL - Single	e transducer	SF - Double transducers	
CODE	D1 ZH-5PM/1.5 D1 ZH-5PM/5		D2 ZH-5PM-2/2	
Туре		traight circular	4 pin male straight circular	
Standard	M12 coding A –	- IEC 61076-2-101	M12 coding A – IEC 61076-2-101	
Material	Pl	astic	Plastic	
Cable gland	Connector moulded on cables 1,5 m lenght 5 m lenght		Connector moulded on cables 2 m lenght	
Cable	5 x 0,	,25 mm²	3 x 0,25 mm <sup>2</sup> (both cables)	
Connection type	molded cable		splitting cable	
Protection (EN 60529)	IF	P 67	IP 67	

#### **19.4 Position transducer connectors**

CONNECTOR TYPE	DIGITAL POSITION TRANSDUCER D execution - see 17.4		ON TRANSDUCER n - see 17.5	
CODE	E1 ZH-8PM/5	E2 ZH-5PM/1.5	E2 ZH-5PM/5	
Туре	8 pin male straight circular	8 pin male straight circular 5 pin male straight circular		
Standard	M12 coding A – IEC 61076-2-101	M12 coding A – IEC 61076-2-101		
Material	Plastic	Plastic		
Cable gland	Connector moulded on cables 5 m lenght	Connector moulded on cables		
Cable glaild	Connector modided on cables 5 m lenght	1,5 m lenght	5 m lenght	
Cable	Cable 8 x 0,25 mm <sup>2</sup>		25 mm²	
Connection type	Connection type molded cable		d cable	
Protection (EN 60529)	Protection (EN 60529) IP 67 IP 67		67	

#### 20 MAIN SOFTWARE PARAMETER SETTINGS

For a detailed descriptions of the available settings, wirings and installation procedures, please refer to the user manuals included in the Z-SW programming software:

Z-MAN-RI-LEZ - user manual for TEZ and LEZ with SN

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{Z-MAN-RI-LEZ-S}}$  - user manual for  $\ensuremath{\textbf{TEZ}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\textbf{LEZ}}$  with  $\ensuremath{\textbf{SF}}$  ,  $\ensuremath{\textbf{SL}}$ 

#### 20.1 External reference and transducer parameters

- Allow to configure the axis card reference and transducer inputs, analog or digital, to match the specific application requirements: - Scaling parameters define the correspondence of these signals with the specific actuator stroke or force to be controlled
- Limit parameters define maximum/minimum stroke and force to detect possible alarm conditions
- Homing parameters define the startup procedure to initialize incremental transducer (e.g. Encoder)

#### 20.2 PID control dynamics parameters

Allow to optimize and adapt the axis card closed loop to the wide range of hydraulic system characteristics:

- PID parameters each part of the closed loop algorithm (proportional, integral, derivative, feed forward, fine positioning, etc) can be modified to match the application requirements

#### 20.3 Monitoring parameters

- Allow to configure the axis card monitoring function of the positioning error (difference between actual reference and feedback) and detects anomalous conditions:
- Monitoring parameters maximum allowed errors can be set for both static and dynamic positioning phases, and dedicated waiting times can be set to delay the activation of the alarm condition and relevant reaction (see 20.4)

#### 20.4 Fault parameters

Allow to configure how the axis card detect and react to alarm conditions:

- Diagnostics parameters define different conditions, threshold and delay time to detect alarm conditions
- Reaction parameters define different actions to be performed in case of alarm presence (stop at actual or preprogrammed position, emergency forward/backward, axis card disabling, etc.)

#### 20.5 Valve characteristics compensation

Allow to modify the valve regulation to match the actuator/system characteristics and to obtain the best overall performances:

- Valve parameters modify the standard valve regulation by means of deadband compensation, curve linearization and differentiated gain for positive and negative regulation

#### 20.6 Motion phases parameters

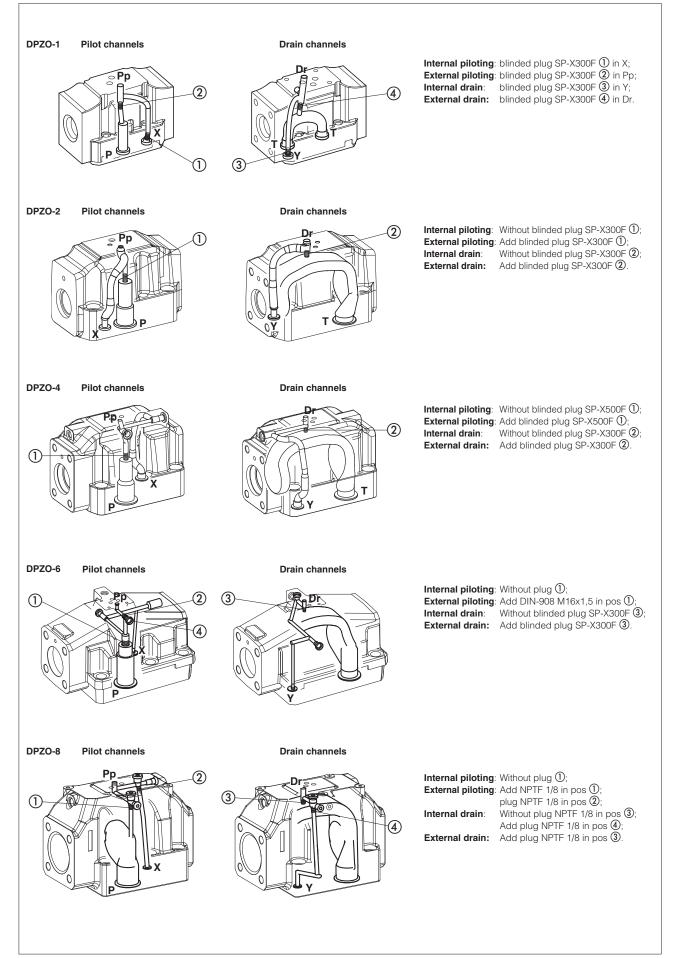
When the internal reference generation is active a pre-programmed cycle can be generated; start/stop/switch-over commands and reference generation types parameters can be set to design a customized sequence of motion phases adapted to the specific application requirements (see 2.2).

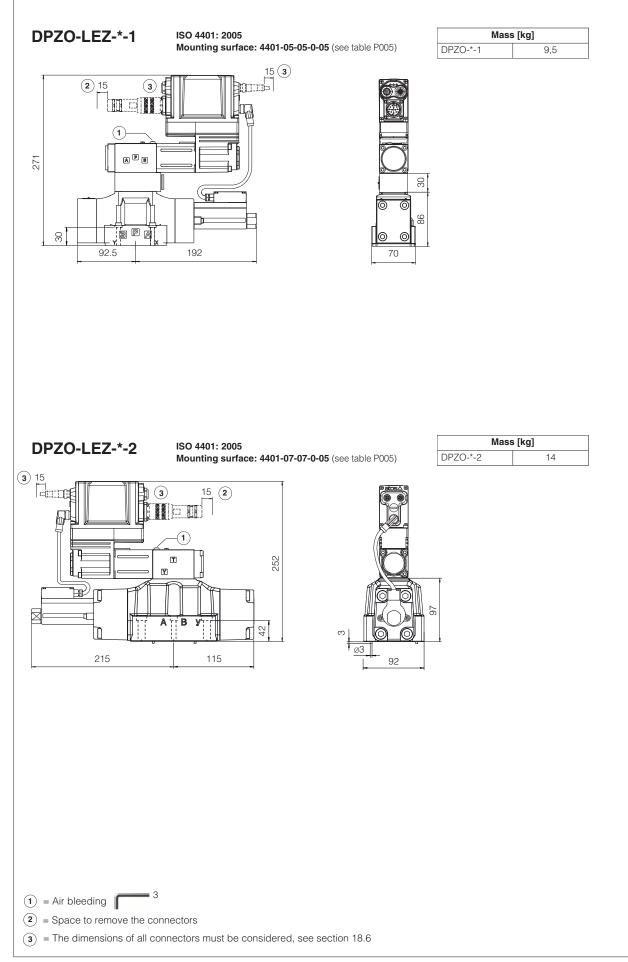
Туре	Size	Fastening bolts	Seals
	<b>1</b> = 10	4 socket head screws M6x40 class 12.9	5 OR 2050; Diameter of ports A, B, P, T: Ø 11 mm (max)
	1 = 10	Tightening torque = 15 Nm	2 OR 108 Diameter of ports X, Y: Ø = 5 mm (max)
	<b>2</b> = 16	4 socket head screws M10x50 class 12.9 Tightening torque = 70 Nm	4 OR 130; Diameter of ports A, B, P, T: Ø 20 mm (max)
	2 - 10	2 socket head screws M6x45 class 12.9 Tightening torque = 15 Nm	2 OR 2043 Diameter of ports X, Y: $\emptyset$ = 7 mm (max)
	<b>4</b> = 25 <b>4M</b> = 27	6 socket head screws M12x60 class 12.9	4 OR 4112; Diameter of ports A, B, P, T: Ø 24 mm (max)
DPZO		Tightening torque = 125 Nm	2 OR 3056 Diameter of ports X, Y: $\emptyset$ = 7 mm (max)
DF20		6 socket head screws M12x60 class 12.9 Tightening torque = 125 Nm	4 OR 3137; Diameter of ports A, B, P, T: Ø 32 mm (max)
			2 OR 3056 Diameter of ports X, Y: $\emptyset$ = 7 mm (max)
	<b>6</b> = 32 <b>8</b> = 35	6 socket head screws M20x90 class 12.9	4 OR 144; Diameter of ports A, B, P, T: Ø 34 mm (max)
		Tightening torque = 600 Nm	2 OR 3056 Diameter of ports X, Y: $\emptyset$ = 7 mm (max)
		6 socket head screws M20x100 class 12.9	4 OR 156; Diameter of ports A, B, P, T: Ø 50 mm (max)
		Tightening torque = 600 Nm	2 OR 3056 Diameter of ports X, Y: $\emptyset$ = 9 mm (max)

#### 21 FASTENING BOLTS AND SEALS

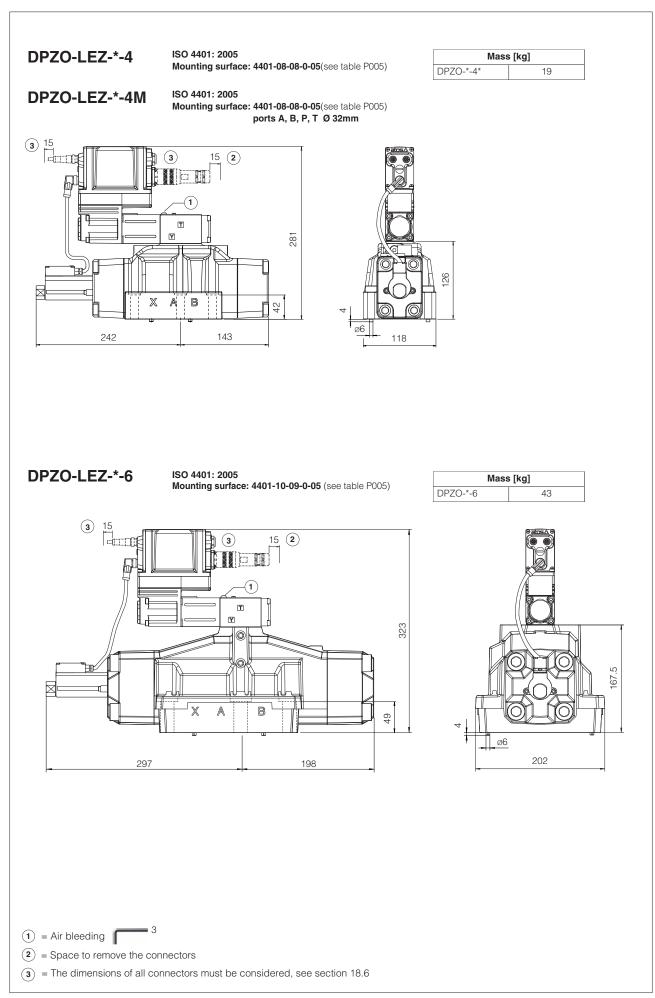
#### 22 PLUGS LOCATION FOR PILOT/DRAIN CHANNELS

Depending on the position of internal plugs, different pilot/drain configurations can be obtained as shown below. To modify the pilot/drain configuration, proper plugs must only be interchanged. The plugs have to be sealed using loctite 270. Standard valves configuration provides internal pilot and external drain.



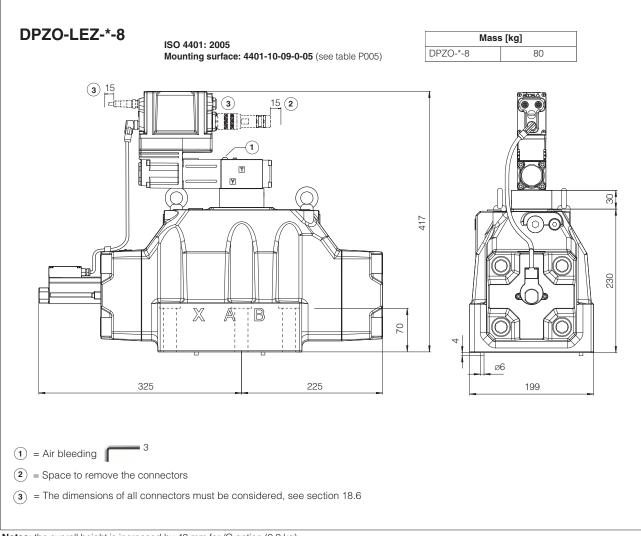


Notes: the overall height is increased by 40 mm for /G option (0,9 kg); for option /B the proportional solenoid, the LVDT transducer and the on-board digital driver + axis card are at side of port B of the main stage



Notes: the overall height is increased by 40 mm for /G option (0,9 kg);

for option /B the proportional solenoid, the LVDT transducer and the on-board digital driver + axis card are at side of port B of the main stage



Notes: the overall height is increased by 40 mm for /G option (0,9 kg); for option /B the proportional solenoid, the LVDT transducer and the on-board digital driver + axis card are at side of port B of the main stage

### 24 RELATED DOCUMENTATION

FS001	Basics for digital electrohydraulics	GS510	Fieldbus
FS900	Operating and maintenance information for proportional valves	K800	Electric and electronic connectors
FY100	Safety proportional valves - option /U	P005	Mounting surfaces for electrohydraulic valves
FY200 GS500	Safety proportional valves - option /K Programming tools	Y010	Basics for safety components